PD0926 R-926 GRAY DIP

Version Number 1.1 Revision Date 01/02/2025



Page 1 of 16 Print Date 01/10/2025

SAFETY DATA SHEET

PD0926 R-926 GRAY DIP

Section 1. Identificatio	n	
GHS product identifier	:	PD0926 R-926 GRAY DIP
Chemical name	:	Mixture
CAS number	:	Mixture
Other means of identification	:	FO00016289
Product type	:	liquid
<u>Relevant identified uses of the subst</u> Product use	ance :	or mixture and uses advised against Industrial applications. Plastics.
Supplier's details	:	AVIENT CORPORATION 33587 Walker Road, Avon Lake, OH 44012
		1 (440) 930-1000 or 1 (844) 4AVIENT
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	:	CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 (24hrs for spill, leak, fire, exposure or accident).

Section 2. Hazards identification

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole for health effects. Information provided on health effects of this product is based on the individual components. However, some vapors or contaminants may be released upon heating and the end-user (fabricator) must take the necessary precautions (mechanical ventilation, respiratory protection, etc.) to protect employees from exposure. See sections 8 and 11 for special precautions. Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

OSHA/HCS status	:	This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	:	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2B
GHS label elements		
Signal word Hazard statements	:	Warning Causes eye irritation.

PD0926 R-926 GRAY DIP

Version Number 1.1 Revision Date 01/02/2025

ÀVIENT

Page 2 of 16 Print Date 01/10/2025

Precautionary statements

	:	Not applicable.
Prevention	:	Wash thoroughly after handling.
Response	:	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.
		Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If
		eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	:	Not applicable.
Disposal	:	Not applicable.
Supplemental label elements	:	None known.
Hazards not otherwise classified	:	None known.
		Not available.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	:	Mixture
Chemical name	:	Mixture
Other means of identification	:	FO00016289

CAS number/other identifiers

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, di-C8-10-branched alkyl esters,	>= 25 - <= 50	68515-48-0
C9-rich		
Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreated heavy	>= 3 - <= 5	64742-48-9
Titanium dioxide	>= 1 - <= 3	13463-67-7

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. If irritation persists, get

PD0926 R-926 GRAY DIP

Version Number 1.1 Revision Date 01/02/2025

ÀVIENT

Page 3 of	
	16
Print Date 01/10/20)25

Inhalation	:	medical attention. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway.
Skin contact	:	Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	:	Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact:Inhalation:Skin contact:Ingestion:Over-exposure signs/symptoms	Causes eye irritation. No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Eye contact :	Adverse symptoms may include the following:		
·	irritation watering		
	redness		
Inhalation :	No specific data.		
Skin contact :	No specific data.		
Ingestion :	No specific data.		
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary			
Notes to physician :	Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.		

PD0926 R-926 GRAY DIP

Version Number 1.1 Revision Date 01/02/2025



Page 4 of 16 Print Date 01/10/2025

Specific treatments	:	No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

None known.
In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. May emit Hydrogen Chloride (HCl). Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self- contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel For emergency responders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil,
		4/16

PD0926 R-926 GRAY DIP

Version Number 1.1 Revision Date 01/02/2025



Page 5 of 16 Print Date 01/10/2025

waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non- combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

PD0926 R-926 GRAY DIP

Version Number 1.1 Revision Date 01/02/2025

AVIENT

Page 6 of 16 Print Date 01/10/2025

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, di-C8-10- branched alkyl esters, C9-rich	None.
Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreated heavy	None.
Titanium dioxide	OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01) TWA 10 mg/m3 Form: Total dust OSHA PEL (1993-06-30) TWA 15 mg/m3 Form: Total dust ACGIH TLV (2022-01-06) TWA 0.2 mg/m3 Form: respirable fraction, nanoscale particles TWA 2.5 mg/m3 Form: respirable fraction, finescale particles

Appropriate engineering controls Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants. **Environmental exposure controls** Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be : checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. **Individual protection measures** Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical **Hygiene measures** products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used **Eye/face protection** : when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles. **Skin protection**

6/16

PD0926 R-926 GRAY DIP

Version N Revision



Number 1.1	Page 7 of 16
Date 01/02/2025	Print Date 01/10/2025

Hand protection	:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	:	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	:	Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state	:	liquid [Paste.]
Color		GREY
Odor		Not available.
Odor threshold		Not available.
pH		Not available.
Melting point	-	Not available.
Boiling point	:	Not available.
Flash point	:	Not available.
Burning time	:	Not available.
Burning rate	:	Not available.
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.
Lower and upper explosive	:	Lower: Not available.
(flammable) limits		Upper: Not available.
Vapor pressure	:	Not available.
Vapor density	:	Not available.
Relative density	:	Not available.
Solubility	:	Not available.
Solubility in water	:	Not available.
Partition coefficient: n-	:	Not applicable.
octanol/water		

PD0926 R-926 GRAY DIP

Version Number 1.1 Revision Date 01/02/2025

ÀVIENT

Page 8 of 16 Print Date 01/10/2025

Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature SADT Viscosity	:	Not available. Not available. Not available. Dynamic: Not available. Kinematic: Not available.
Aerosol product		
Heat of combustion	:	Not available.
Ignition distance	:	Not available.
Enclosed space ignition - Time equivalent	:	Not available.
Enclosed space ignition -	:	Not available.
Deflagration density Flame height	:	Not available.
Flame duration	:	Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	:	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	:	Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	:	Keep away from extreme heat and oxidizing agents.
Incompatible materials	:	Avoid contact with acetal homopolymers and acetyl homopolymers during processing.
Hazardous decomposition products	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid	di-C8-10-branched a	alkyl esters, C9-	rich	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10,000 mg/kg	-
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotre	ated heavy	•		
	LD50 Oral	Rat	6,000 mg/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat	8.5 Mg/l	4 h
	Vapor			

PD0926 R-926 GRAY DIP

Version Number 1.1 Revision Date 01/02/2025

ÀVIENT

Page 9 of 16 Print Date 01/10/2025

LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat - Male	6.82 Mg/l	4 h
LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	> 5,000 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary

: Mixture.Not fully tested.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-		-
acid, di-C8-10-branched					
alkyl esters, C9-rich					

Conclusion/Summary Skin Eyes Respiratory	Mixture.Not fully tested.Mixture.Not fully tested.Mixture.Not fully tested.
Sensitization	
Conclusion/Summary Skin Respiratory	Mixture.Not fully tested.Mixture.Not fully tested.
Mutagenicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: Mixture.Not fully tested.
Carcinogenicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: Mixture.Not fully tested.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Titanium oxide (TiO2)	-	2B	-

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary	:	Mixture.Not fully tested.
--------------------	---	---------------------------

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Mixture.Not fully tested.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

PD0926 R-926 GRAY DIP

Version Number 1.1 Revision Date 01/02/2025



Page 10 of 16 Print Date 01/10/2025

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Name			Result	
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated hea	vy		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	
Information on the likely routes of exposure	:	Not available.		
Potential acute health effects				
Eye contact Inhalation Skin contact Ingestion	::	No known sig	itation. nificant effects or critical hazards. nificant effects or critical hazards. nificant effects or critical hazards.	
Symptoms related to the physical, ch	emi	cal and toxicolo	gical characteristics	
Eye contact	:	Adverse symp redness	toms may include the following: irritation, watering,	
Inhalation	:	No specific da		
Skin contact	: No specific data.			
Ingestion : No specific data.				
Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure				
Short term exposure				
Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects	:	Not available. Not available.		
Long term exposure				
Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects	:	Not available. Not available.		
Potential chronic health effects				
Conclusion/Summary	:	Mixture.Not f	ully tested.	
General	:	No known sig	nificant effects or critical hazards.	
Carcinogenicity	:	-	nificant effects or critical hazards.	
Mutagenicity	:		nificant effects or critical hazards.	
Teratogenicity	:	U	nificant effects or critical hazards.	
		10/	16	

PD0926 R-926 GRAY DIP

:

:

:

Version Number 1.1 Revision Date 01/02/2025



Page 11 of 16 Print Date 01/10/2025

Developmental effects Fertility effects No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral	Dermal	Inhalation (gases)	Inhalation (vapors)	Inhalation (dusts and mists)
PD0926 R-926 GRAY DIP	N/A	N/A	N/A	241.8 Mg/l	N/A
1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, di-C8-10-branched alkyl esters, C9-rich	10000 mg/kg	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	6000 mg/kg	N/A	N/A	8.5 Mg/l	N/A
Titanium oxide (TiO2)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	6.82 Mg/l

Other information

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole for health effects. Exposure effects listed are based on existing health data for the individual components which comprise the mixture.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Titanium oxide (TiO2)			
	Acute LC50 > 1,000 Mg/l	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 h
	Marine water		
	Acute LC50 3 Mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia	48 h
		dubia	
	Acute LC50 6.5 Mg/l Fresh	Daphnia - Daphnia pulex	48 h
	water		

Conclusion/Summary

Not available.

:

Persistence and degradability

PD0926 R-926 GRAY DIP

Version Number 1.1 Revision Date 01/02/2025

ÀVIENT

Page 12 of 16 Print Date 01/10/2025

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, di-C8-	8.8	3.00	low
10-branched alkyl esters, C9-rich			
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated	-	10.00 - 2,500.00	high
heavy			

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (KOC)	:	Not available.	
Other adverse effects	:	No known significant effects or cr	

:

s : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

United States - RCRA Acute hazardous waste "P" List: Not listed

United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List: Not listed

Section 14. Transport information

U.S.DOT 49CFR Ground/Air/Water : Not regulated for transportation.

PD0926 R-926 GRAY DIP

Version Number 1.1 Revision Date 01/02/2025



Page 13 of 16 Print Date 01/10/2025

International Air ICAO/IATA	:	Consult mode specific transport rules

International Water IMO/IMDG : Consult mode specific transport rules

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations	:	United States - TSCA 12(b) - Chemical export notification: None of the components are listed.
		United States - TSCA 4(a) - Final Test Rules: Listed 1,2- Benzenedicarboxylic acid, di-C8-10-branched alkyl esters, C9-rich
		United States - TSCA 4(a) - ITC Priority list: Not listed United States - TSCA 4(a) - Proposed test rules: Not listed
		United States - TSCA 4(f) - Priority risk review: Not listed
		United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Final significant new use rules: Not listed
		United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Proposed significant new use rules: Not listed
		United States - TSCA 5(e) - Substances consent order: Not listed
		United States - TSCA 6 - Final risk management: Not listed
		United States - TSCA 6 - Proposed risk management: Not listed
		United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical risk rules: Not listed
		United States - TSCA 8(a) - Dioxin/Furane precusor: Not listed
		United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical Data Reporting (CDR): Not determined
		United States - TSCA 8(a) - Preliminary assessment report (PAIR): Listed Acetaldehyde
		United States - TSCA 8(c) - Significant adverse reaction (SAR): Not listed
		United States - TSCA 8(d) - Health and safety studies: Not listed
		United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 307 - Priority
		pollutants: Listed Phthalocyanine green Vinyl chloride monomer
		United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 311 - Hazardous substances: Listed
		United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental release prevention - Flammable substances: Not listed United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental
		release prevention - Toxic substances: Not listed

PD0926 R-926 GRAY DIP

Version Number 1.1 Revision Date 01/02/2025

AVIENT

Page 14 of 16 Print Date 01/10/2025

United States - Department of commerce - Precursor chemical: Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 112(b)	:	Listed
Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)		
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I	:	Not listed
Substances		
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II	:	Not listed
Substances		
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor	:	Not listed
Chemicals)		
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential	:	Not listed
Chemicals)		

US. EPA CERCLA Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 302)

not applicable

SARA 311/312

Classification

: EYE IRRITATION - Category 2B

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification
1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, di-C8-10-branched alkyl esters, C9-rich	>= 25 - <= 50	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2B
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	>= 3 - <= 5	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY - inhalation - Category 3 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Titanium oxide (TiO2)	>= 1 - <= 3	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2

Not applicable.

14/16			
Pennsylvania	Ethene, chloro-, homopolymer Titanium dioxide The following components are listed:		
New Jersey	: The following components are listed:		
New York	: None of the components are listed.		
Massachusetts	: The following components are listed: Titanium dioxide		
State regulations			

PD0926 R-926 GRAY DIP

Version Number 1.1 Revision Date 01/02/2025



Page 15 of 16 Print Date 01/10/2025

Titanium dioxide

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, di-C8-10branched alkyl esters, C9-rich, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Ingredient name	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, di-C8-10- branched alkyl esters, C9-rich	Yes.	-
Titanium dioxide	-	-

United States inventory (TSCA 8b)	:	All components are active or exempted.
Canada inventory	:	At least one component is not listed in DSL but all such components are listed in NDSL.
International regulations Inventory list		
Australia	:	Not determined.
Canada	:	At least one component is not listed in DSL but all such components are listed in NDSL.
China	:	Not determined.
Eurasian Economic Union	:	Russian Federation inventory: Not determined.
Japan	:	Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined.
		Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.
New Zealand	:	Not determined.
Philippines	:	Not determined.
Republic of Korea	:	Not determined.
Taiwan	:	Not determined.
Thailand	:	Not determined.
Turkey	:	Not determined.
United States	:	All components are active or exempted.
Viet Nam	:	Not determined.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health	/	1
Flammability		0
Physical hazards		



PD0926 R-926 GRAY DIP

Version Number 1.1 Revision Date 01/02/2025

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual. History

115001.)		
Date of printing	:	01/10/2025
Date of issue/Date of revision	:	01/02/2025
Date of previous issue	:	03/30/2021
Version	:	1.1
Key to abbreviations	:	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
·		BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
		GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of
		Chemicals
		IATA = International Air Transport Association
		IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
		IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
		LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
		MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From
		Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine
		pollution)
		UN = United Nations
References	:	Not available.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the abovenamed supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist. Particularly this information may not be valid for such material used in conjunction with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.