## STAN-TONE VCP-34265 CINNAMON

Version Number 1.1 Revision Date 01/01/2025



Page 1 of 17 Print Date 01/10/2025

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

#### STAN-TONE VCP-34265 CINNAMON

Section 1. Identification		
GHS product identifier Chemical name CAS number Other means of identification Product type	::	STAN-TONE VCP-34265 CINNAMON Mixture Mixture FO20030423 solid
<u>Relevant identified uses of the sub</u> Product use	ostance :	or mixture and uses advised against Industrial applications. Plastics.
Supplier's details	:	AVIENT CORPORATION 1675 Navarre Road SW, Massillon, Ohio USA 44646
		1 330 837 8679
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	:	CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 (24hrs for spill, leak, fire, exposure or accident).

## Section 2. Hazards identification

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole for health effects. All ingredients are bound in a PVC polymer matrix and potential for hazardous exposure as shipped is minimal. PVC resin is manufactured from Vinyl Chloride Monomer (VCM). PVC resin manufacturers take special efforts to strip residual VCM from their resins. Residual VCM in the resin is typically below 8.5 ppm. However, VCM is a known carcinogen. The end-user (fabricator) should take necessary precautions (mechanical ventilation, local exhaust, respiratory protection, etc.) to protect employees from exposure to any vapors or dusts that may be released during heating or fabrication. See Sections 8 and 11 for special precautions.After handling, always wash hands thoroughly with soap and water.

OSHA/HCS status	:	This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	:	COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS
GHS label elements		
Signal word	:	Warning

## STAN-TONE VCP-34265 CINNAMON

Version Number 1.1 Revision Date 01/01/2025



Page 2 of 17 Print Date 01/10/2025

Hazard statements May form combustible dust concentrations in air. **Precautionary statements** Not applicable. : Not applicable. Prevention : Not applicable. Response : Not applicable. Storage : Not applicable. Disposal : Supplemental label elements Keep container tightly closed. : None known. Hazards not otherwise classified : Not available.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	:	Mixture
Chemical name	:	Mixture
Other means of identification	:	FO20030423

CAS number/other identifiers

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Carbon black	>= 5 - <= 10	1333-86-4
Titanium dioxide	>= 5 - <= 10	13463-67-7
Silica, amorphous	>= 1 - <= 3	7631-86-9

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First aid measures

#### Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses.



## STAN-TONE VCP-34265 CINNAMON

Version Number	er 1.1
<b>Revision Date</b>	01/01/2025

	Page 3 of 17
Print	Date 01/10/2025

Inhalation Skin contact Ingestion	:	Get medical attention if irritation occurs. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash out mouth with water. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel.
Most important symptoms/effects, a	cute a	and delayed
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	:	Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended
Inhalation	:	exposure limits may cause irritation of the eyes. Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs.
Skin contact Ingestion	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/symptoms		
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	:	No specific data.
Ingestion	:	No specific data.
Indication of immediate medical at	tentic	on and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	:	In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	:	No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

## STAN-TONE VCP-34265 CINNAMON

Version Number 1.1 Revision Date 01/01/2025



Page 4 of 17 Print Date 01/10/2025

#### Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Use dry chemical powder. Avoid high pressure media which could cause the formation of a potentially explosible dust-air mixture.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	:	May form explosible dust-air mixture if dispersed.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	:	May emit Hydrogen Chloride (HCl). Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire- fighters	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire- exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self- contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing dust. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

# **AVIENT**

## STAN-TONE VCP-34265 CINNAMON

Version Number 1.1 Revision Date 01/01/2025

#### Page 5 of 17 Print Date 01/10/2025

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	: Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion- proof equipment. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion- proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labeled waste container. Avoid creating dusty conditions and prevent wind dispersal. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

	Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing dust. Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Prevent dust accumulation. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Electrical equipment and lighting should be protected to appropriate standards to prevent dust coming into contact with hot surfaces, sparks or other ignition sources. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
hygiene material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash ha and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminate	· ·	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
including any incompatibilities approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Elimin all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep containers that have be		:	

## STAN-TONE VCP-34265 CINNAMON

Version Number 1.1 Revision Date 01/01/2025



Page 6 of 17 Print Date 01/10/2025

Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

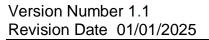
#### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Carbon black	OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01)
	TWA 3.5 mg/m3
	OSHA PEL (1993-06-30)
	TWA 3.5 mg/m3
	NIOSH REL (1994-06-01)
	TWA 3.5 mg/m3
	NIOSH REL (1994-06-01)
	TWA 0.1 mgPAH/m <sup>3</sup>
	ACGIH TLV (2010-12-06)
	TWA 3 mg/m3 Form: Inhalable fraction
Titanium dioxide	OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01)
	TWA 10 mg/m3 Form: Total dust
	OSHA PEL (1993-06-30)
	TWA 15 mg/m3 Form: Total dust
	ACGIH TLV (2022-01-06)
	TWA 0.2 mg/m3 Form: respirable fraction, nanoscale particles
	TWA 2.5 mg/m3 Form: respirable fraction, finescale particles
Silica, amorphous	NIOSH REL (1994-06-01)
· I	TWA 6 mg/m3

Appropriate engineering controls	:	Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers,
		6/17

## STAN-TONE VCP-34265 CINNAMON





Page 7 of 17 Print Date 01/10/2025

	filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measures	
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields. If operating conditions cause high dust concentrations to be produced, use dust goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

## STAN-TONE VCP-34265 CINNAMON

Version Number 1.1 Revision Date 01/01/2025



Page 8 of 17 Print Date 01/10/2025

Physical state Color Odor	:	solid [Very fine powder.] RED Not available.
Odor threshold	:	Not available.
pH	:	Not available.
Melting point	:	Not available.
Boiling point	:	Not available.
	:	
Flash point	•	Not applicable.
Burning time	:	Not available.
Burning rate		Not available.
Evaporation rate		Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.
Lower and upper explosive	-	Lower: Not applicable.
(flammable) limits	•	<b>Upper:</b> Not applicable.
Vapor pressure	:	Not available.
Vapor density	:	Not applicable.
Relative density	:	Not available.
Solubility	:	Not available.
Solubility in water	:	Not available.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not applicable.
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
SADT	:	Not available.
Viscosity	:	<b>Dynamic:</b> Not available. <b>Kinematic:</b> Not applicable.
Aerosol product		
Heat of combustion	:	Not available.
Ignition distance	:	Not available.
Enclosed space ignition - Time equivalent	:	Not available.
Enclosed space ignition -	:	Not available.
Deflagration density	-	Not available
Flame height	:	Not available.
Flame duration	:	Not available.

## STAN-TONE VCP-34265 CINNAMON

Version Number 1.1 Revision Date 01/01/2025

# **ÀVIENT**

Page 9 of 17 Print Date 01/10/2025

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	:	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	:	Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	:	Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Prevent dust accumulation.
Incompatible materials	:	Avoid contact with acetal homopolymers and acetyl homopolymers during processing. Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity				
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Carbon black				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	15,400 mg/kg	-
Titanium oxide (TiO2)				
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat - Male	6.82 Mg/l	4 h
	Dusts and mists			
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	> 5,000 mg/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Mixture.Not fully tested.

**Irritation/Corrosion** 

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Silica	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hrs	-

Conclusion/Summary		
Skin	:	Mixture.Not fully tested.
Eyes	:	Mixture.Not fully tested.

## STAN-TONE VCP-34265 CINNAMON

Version Number 1.1 Revision Date 01/01/2025



Page 10 of 17 Print Date 01/10/2025

Respiratory	: Mixture.Not fully tested.
<u>Sensitization</u>	
Conclusion/Summary Skin Respiratory	<ul><li>Mixture.Not fully tested.</li><li>Mixture.Not fully tested.</li></ul>
<b>Mutagenicity</b>	
Conclusion/Summary	: Mixture.Not fully tested.
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>	
Conclusion/Summary	: Mixture.Not fully tested.

#### **Classification**

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Carbon black	-	2B	-
Titanium oxide (TiO2)	-	2B	-
Silica	-	3	-

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : Mixture.Not fully tested.

#### **Teratogenicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : Mixture.Not fully tested.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Not available.

Not available.

## <u>Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)</u> Not available.

#### Aspiration hazard

Not available.

# **Information on the likely routes of** : Not available. **exposure**

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact

: Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the eyes.



## STAN-TONE VCP-34265 CINNAMON

Version Number	er 1.1
<b>Revision Date</b>	01/01/2025

Page 11 of 17 Print Date 01/10/2025

Inhalation	: Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended
Skin contact	<ul><li>exposure limits may cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs.</li><li>No known significant effects or critical hazards.</li></ul>
Ingestion	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
-	-
Symptoms related to the physical, cl	hemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation, redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract
Shim conto ct	<ul><li>irritation, coughing</li><li>No specific data.</li></ul>
Skin contact Ingestion	<ul><li>No specific data.</li><li>No specific data.</li></ul>
ingestion	
Delayed and immediate effects and a	also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health effects	
Conclusion/Summary	: Mixture.Not fully tested.
General	: Repeated or prolonged inhalation of dust may lead to chronic
Carcinogenicity	<ul><li>respiratory irritation.</li><li>No known significant effects or critical hazards.</li></ul>
Mutagenicity	<ul><li>No known significant effects or critical hazards.</li><li>No known significant effects or critical hazards.</li></ul>
Teratogenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant
	effects or critical hazards.
Numerical measures of toxicity	
<u>Acute toxicity estimates</u> N/A	
Other information	: This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole for health effects. Exposure effects listed are based on existing health data for the individual components which comprise the mixture.
	11/17

## STAN-TONE VCP-34265 CINNAMON

Version Number 1.1 Revision Date 01/01/2025



Page 12 of 17 Print Date 01/10/2025

# Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Carbon black			· -
	Acute EC50 37.563 Mg/l Fresh	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 h
	water		
Titanium oxide (TiO2)			
	Acute LC50 > 1,000 Mg/l	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 h
	Marine water		
	Acute LC50 3 Mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia	48 h
	Acute LC50 6.5 Mg/l Fresh	Daphnia - Daphnia pulex	48 h
	water		
Conclusion/Summary <a>Persistence and degradability</a> Conclusion/Summary	<ul><li>Not available.</li><li>Not available.</li></ul>		
	: Not available.		
<b>Bioaccumulative potential</b> Not available.	: Not available.		
<b>Bioaccumulative potential</b>	: Not available.		
<b><u>Bioaccumulative potential</u></b> Not available.			

**Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable

## STAN-TONE VCP-34265 CINNAMON

Version Number 1.1 Revision Date 01/01/2025



Page 13 of 17 Print Date 01/10/2025

products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

United States - RCRA Acute hazardous waste "P" List: Not listed

United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List: Not listed

## **Section 14. Transport information**

U.S.DOT 49CFR Ground/Air/Water	:	Not regulated for transportation.
International Air ICAO/IATA	:	Consult mode specific transport rules
International Water IMO/IMDG	:	Consult mode specific transport rules

## Section 15. Regulatory information

determined
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## STAN-TONE VCP-34265 CINNAMON

Version Number 1.1 Revision Date 01/01/2025



Page 14 of 17 Print Date 01/10/2025

		United States - TSCA 8(a) - Preliminary assessment report (PAIR): Not listed United States - TSCA 8(c) - Significant adverse reaction (SAR): Not listed United States - TSCA 8(d) - Health and safety studies: Not listed United States - TSCA 4(a) - ITC Priority list: Not listed United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 307 - Priority pollutants: Listed 2-Ethylhexanoic acid zinc salt Vinyl chloride monomer
		United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 311 - Hazardous substances: Not listed United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental release prevention - Flammable substances: Not listed United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental release prevention - Toxic substances: Not listed United States - Department of commerce - Precursor chemical: Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 112(b)	:	Listed
Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)		NT - 11 - 1
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	:	Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II	:	Not listed
Substances		
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor	:	Not listed
Chemicals)		
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential	:	Not listed
Chemicals)		

#### US. EPA CERCLA Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 302)

:

not applicable

SARA 311/312

Classification

COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS

#### **Composition/information on ingredients**

Name	%	Classification
Ethene, chloro-,	>= 10 - <= 25	COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS
homopolymer		
Carbon black	>= 5 - <= 10	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
Titanium oxide (TiO2)	>= 5 - <= 10	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2

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## SAFETY DATA SHEET

## STAN-TONE VCP-34265 CINNAMON

**ÀVIENT** 

Version Number 1.1 Revision Date 01/01/2025

#### Page 15 of 17 Print Date 01/10/2025

Silica	>= 1 - <= 3	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2B	
Not applicable.			
<u>State regulations</u> Massachusetts	Iron Car Tita Bar	following components are listed: a oxide bon black nium dioxide ium sulfate ca, amorphous	
New York New Jersey	: None : The f Eth Iron Car Tita	e of the components are listed. Following components are listed: ene, chloro-, homopolymer a oxide bon black nium dioxide ium sulfate	
Pennsylvania	Iron Car	following components are listed: oxide bon black nium dioxide	
	Bar	ium sulfate	
	Sili	ca, amorphous	

#### California Prop. 65

**WARNING:** This product can expose you to chemicals including Carbon black, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Ingredient name	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
Carbon black	-	-
Titanium dioxide	-	-

United States inventory (TSCA 8b)	:	All components are active or exempted.
Canada inventory	:	All components are listed or exempted.

## STAN-TONE VCP-34265 CINNAMON

Version Number 1.1 Revision Date 01/01/2025



Page 16 of 17 Print Date 01/10/2025

International regulations Inventory list		
Australia	:	Not determined.
Canada	:	All components are listed or exempted.
China	:	Not determined.
Eurasian Economic Union	:	Russian Federation inventory: Not determined.
Japan	:	Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined.
		Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.
New Zealand	:	Not determined.
Philippines	:	Not determined.
Republic of Korea	:	Not determined.
Taiwan	:	Not determined.Not determined.
Thailand	:	Not determined.
Turkey	:	Not determined.
United States	:	All components are active or exempted.
Viet Nam	:	Not determined.

## Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health	/	0
Flammability		3
Physical hazards		0

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual. History

<b>Histor</b> y	
Date of printing	: 01/10/2025
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 01/01/2025
Date of previous issue	: 11/07/2012
Version	: 1.1
Key to abbreviations	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
·	BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
	GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of
	Chemicals
	IATA = International Air Transport Association
	IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
	IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
	LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
	16/17
Version	<ul> <li>1.1</li> <li>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient</li> </ul>

## STAN-TONE VCP-34265 CINNAMON

Version Number 1.1 Revision Date 01/01/2025



Page 17 of 17 Print Date 01/10/2025

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations Not available.

References

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the abovenamed supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist. Particularly this information may not be valid for such material used in conjunction with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.